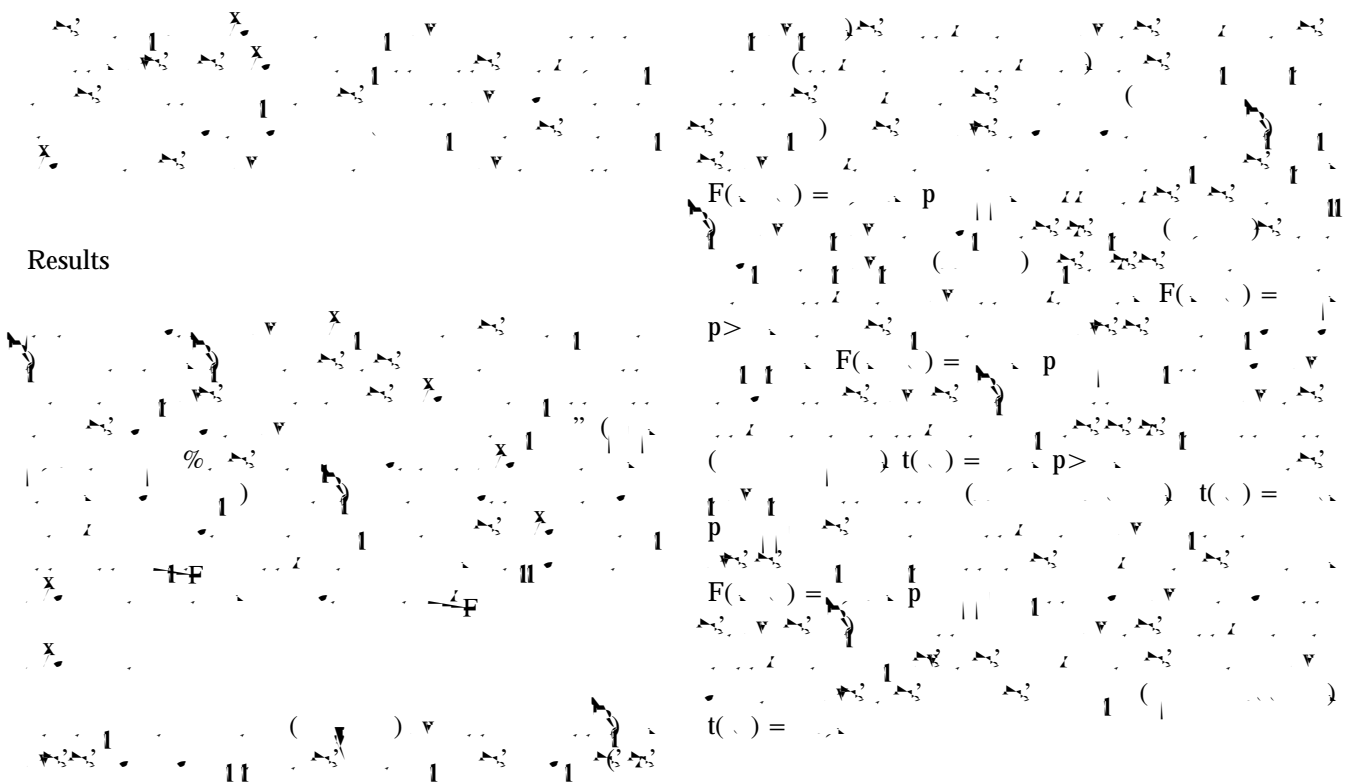


Handwritten musical notation on a page with a grid background. The notation includes various symbols such as notes, rests, and clefs, arranged in a structured manner. The page contains approximately 10 lines of music, with some lines featuring double bar lines and other musical markings. The handwriting is in black ink on a white background with a light gray grid.

$\frac{1}{x^2} = x^{-2}$
 $\frac{d}{dx} x^{-2} = -2x^{-3} = -\frac{2}{x^3}$

Results



$t(\cdot) = \dots p$
 $F(\cdot) = \dots p$
 $F(\cdot) = \dots p = \dots$
 $F(\cdot) = \dots p >$

$F(\cdot) = \dots p$
 $F(\cdot) = \dots p$
 $t(\cdot) = \dots p$
 $F(\cdot) = \dots p$
 $F(\cdot) = \dots p$

1. $\int_0^1 x^2 dx = \frac{1}{3}$
2. $\int_0^1 x^3 dx = \frac{1}{4}$
3. $\int_0^1 x^4 dx = \frac{1}{5}$
4. $\int_0^1 x^5 dx = \frac{1}{6}$
5. $\int_0^1 x^6 dx = \frac{1}{7}$
6. $\int_0^1 x^7 dx = \frac{1}{8}$
7. $\int_0^1 x^8 dx = \frac{1}{9}$
8. $\int_0^1 x^9 dx = \frac{1}{10}$
9. $\int_0^1 x^{10} dx = \frac{1}{11}$
10. $\int_0^1 x^{11} dx = \frac{1}{12}$

